Minor Child's Tax Return and the Kiddie Tax 2024

Who Must File

A dependent who is unmarried and under 65 and not blind must file a tax return if:

- 1. Unearned income is over \$1,600 OR
- 2. Earned Income is over the Standard Deduction for Single (\$14,600 in 2024) OR
- 3. Gross income was more than the larger of
 - \$1,300 Or
 - Earned income (Up to \$14,150) plus \$450.

A dependent who is married and under 65 and not blind must file a tax return if:

- 1. Unearned income is over \$1,300 OR
- 2. Earned Income is over the Standard Deduction for Single (\$14,600 in 2024) OR
- 3. Gross income was at least \$5 and the spouse files a separate return and itemizes deductions OR
- 4. Gross income was more than the larger of
 - \$1,300 Or
 - Earned income (Up to \$14,600) plus \$450.

Children are subject to the "Kiddie Tax" if all of the following conditions 1. through 4. are met:

- 1. Child was
 - Under age 18 OR
 - Was 18 and did NOT have earned income exceeding half of his or her support for the year OR
 - Was 19-23 and a full-time studentand did not have earned income exceeding half of his or her support for the year.
- 2. The Child had more than \$2,600 of investment income including taxable scholarships and grants.
- 3. If married, the child files a separate return from spouse.
- 4. At least one parent is living.

How To File With Kiddie Tax

- 1. Can file own return, reporting Kiddie Tax on form 8615. This does not make parents' return out of scope.
- 2. Parent may elect to report child's income on their own return, using form 8814, but that will make the return out-of-scope.

Kiddie Tax is generally Out Of Scope for VITA/TCE. More information is available in <u>Instructions</u> <u>for Form 8615</u> and <u>Instructions for Form 8814.</u>

TXLNX 12/11/2024